A Brief Overview of the National HIV/AIDS Strategy

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Presentation Overview

- Review Noted Facts and Figures
- Review NHAS Vision
- Review Primary Goals and Steps of the Strategy
- Itemize Relevant Websites
- Review Associated Documents and Related Efforts



"Right now, we are experiencing a domestic epidemic that demands a renewed commitment, increased public attention, and leadership."

"I look forward to working with Congress, State, tribal and local governments, and other stakeholders to support the implementation of a Strategy that is innovative, grounded in the best science, focuses on the areas of greatest need, and that provides a clear direction for moving forward together.

-- President Obama



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES Public Health

Key NHAS Figures

- 575,000 American lives lost
- 56,000 new U.S. infections per year
- 1,100,000 Americans living with HIV
- 50% of people in U.S. know someone with HIV
- 375,000 HIV infections averted
- A new HIV infection every 9 ½ minutes
- \$19.2 billion annual domestic investment
- 1 in 5 PLWH are unaware of their status



Key NHAS Figures

- 75% of cases are among men; majority are gay and bisexual men
- 25% of cases are among women, and disease disproportionately impacts women of color
- HIV diagnosis rate for Black women is 19 times the rate for White women
- 25% of new infections among 13-29 year olds
- 24% of PLWH are 50 years or older; 15% of new cases among this group



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Vision for the NHAS

The United States will become a place where new HIV infections are rare and when they do occur, every person, regardless of age, gender, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity or socio-economic circumstance, will have unfettered access to high quality, life-extending care, free from stigma and discrimination.



Three Primary Goals

- 1. Reduce New HIV Infections
- 2. Increase Access to Care and Improve Health Outcomes for People Living with HIV
- 3. Reduce HIV-Related Disparities and Health Inequities

To accomplish these goals, we must achieve a more coordinated national response to the HIV epidemic in the United States



Two Parallel Formats

Goal

Goal

- Plan To Achieve Goal At-A-Glance
- Anticipated Results by 2015
- To Achieve Goal, our Nation Must...

- The Opportunity
- Steps To Be Taken
- Anticipated Results
- Recommended Actions



Plan At–A-Glance

- Intensify HIV prevention efforts in communities where HIV is most heavily concentrated
- Expand targeted efforts to prevent HIV infection using a combination of effective, evidence-based approaches
- Educate all Americans about the threat of HIV and how to prevent it



Anticipated Results

• By 2015, lower the annual number of new infections by 25 percent (~42,000)

To achieve goal, our Nation must:

- Reduce the HIV transmission rate by 30%
- Increase from 79% to 90%, the percentage of people living with HIV who know their status



The Opportunity

- HIV testing
- Effective screening of blood supply
- Screening and treating of expectant mothers during pregnancy
- Minimizing infections from injection drug use
- Advances in HIV therapies



Steps To Be Taken

• See Plan At-A-Glance

Anticipated Results

- Reduce infections by 25% by 2015
- Reduce transmission rate by 30%
- Increase proportion of PLWH who know status from 79% to 90%



<u>Recommended Actions (Plan-At-A-Glance)</u> Step 1: Intensify efforts where HIV is most concentrated

1.1 Allocate public funding to geographic areas consistent with the epidemic



<u>Recommended Actions (Plan-At-A-Glance)</u> Step 1: Intensify efforts where HIV is most concentrated

1.2 Target high risk populations
1.2.1 Prevent HIV among gay and bisexual men and transgender individuals
1.2.2 Prevent HIV among Black Americans
1.2.3 Prevent HIV among Latino Americans
1.2.4 Prevent HIV among substance users



<u>Recommended Actions (Plan-At-A-Glance)</u> Step 1: Intensify efforts where HIV is most concentrated

1.3 Address HIV prevention in Asian American, PI, AI and AN populations1.4 Enhance program accountability



<u>Recommended Actions (Plan-At-A-Glance)</u> Step 2: Expand targeted efforts to prevent HIV infection using a combination of effective, evidence-based approaches

2.1 Design and evaluate innovative prevention strategies and combination approaches for preventing HIV in high risk communities
2.2 Support and strengthen HIV screening and surveillance activities



<u>Recommended Actions (Plan-At-A-Glance)</u> Step 2: Expand targeted efforts to prevent HIV infection using a combination of effective, evidence-based approaches

2.3 Expand access to effective prevention services2.4 Expand prevention with HIV-positive individuals



<u>Recommended Actions (Plan-At-A-Glance)</u> Step 3: Educate all Americans about the threat of HIV and how to prevent it

3.1 Utilize evidence-based social marketing and education campaigns

3.2 Promote age-appropriate HIV and STI prevention education for all Americans



Plan At–A-Glance

- Establish a seamless system to immediately link people to continuous and coordinated quality care when they are diagnosed with HIV
- Take deliberate steps to increase the number and diversity of available providers of clinical care and related services for people living with HIV



Plan At–A-Glance

 Support people living with HIV with co-occurring health conditions and those who have challenges meeting their basic needs, such as housing



Anticipated Results (By 2015)

- Increase the proportion of newly diagnosed patients linked to clinical care within 3 months of their HIV diagnosis from 65% to 85%
- Increase the proportion of RW clients who are in continuous care* from 73% to 80%
- Increase the proportion of RW clients with permanent housing from 82% to 86%



The Opportunity

- The Affordable Care Act
 - High risk pools available immediately
 - Medicaid expansion (133% FPL)
 - Federal tax credits for uninsured (400% FPL)
 - Ending discrimination based on health conditions
- Ryan White Program and other Federal and State HIV-focused programs



Steps to be Taken

• See Plan At-A-Glance

Anticipated Results (By 2015)

Same as Previously Mentioned



Recommended Actions (Plan At-A-Glance)

Step 1: Establish a seamless system to immediately link people to continuous and coordinated quality care when they are diagnosed with HIV

1.1 Facilitate linkages to care1.2 Promote collaboration among providers1.3 Maintain PLWH in care



Recommended Actions (Plan At-A-Glance)

Step 2: Take deliberate steps to increase the number and diversity of available providers of clinical care and related services for PLWH

2.1 Increase the number of providers of HIV care2.2 Strengthen the provider workforce to improve quality of care and health outcomes for PLWH



Recommended Actions (Plan At-A-Glance)

Step 3: Support PLWH with co-occurring health conditions and those who have challenges meeting their basic needs, such as housing

- 3.1 Enhance client assessment tools and measurement of health outcomes
- 3.2 Address policies to promote access to housing and supportive services for PLWH



Plan At-A-Glance

- Reduce HIV-related mortality in communities at high risk for HIV infection
- Adopt community-level approaches to reduce HIV infection in high-risk communities
- Reduce stigma and discrimination against PLWH



Anticipated Results (By 2015)

- Increase the proportion of HIV diagnosed gay and bisexual men with undetectable VL by 20%
- Increase the proportion of HIV diagnosed Blacks with undetectable VL by 20%
- Increase the proportion of HIV diagnosed Latinos with undetectable VL by 20%



The Opportunity

- The Affordable Care Act
- Steps to support treatment adherence
- Research on the causes of differences in health outcomes
- Refocusing our prevention efforts on strategies targeted to high-risk communities



Steps to be Taken

• See Plan At-A-Glance

Anticipated Results (By 2015)

Same as Previously Mentioned



Recommended Actions (Plan At-A-Glance)

Step 1: Reduce HIV-related mortality in communities at high risk for HIV infection

1.1 Ensure that high-risk groups have access to regular viral load and CD4 tests



Recommended Actions (Plan At-A-Glance)

Step 2: Adopt community-level approaches to reduce HIV infection in high-risk communities

- 2.1 Establish pilot programs that utilize community models
- 2.2 Measure and utilize community viral load
- 2.3 Promote a more holistic approach to health



Recommended Actions (Plan At-A-Glance)

Step 3: Reduce stigma and discrimination against PLWH

3.1 Engage communities to affirm support for PLWH3.2 Promote public leadership of PLWH2.3 Promote PH approach to prevention and care3.4 Strengthen enforcement of civil rights laws



Achieve a More Coordinated National Response to the HIV Epidemic

Plan At-A-Glance

- Increase the coordination of HIV programs across the Federal Government and between Federal agencies and State, territorial, local and tribal governments
- Develop improved mechanisms to monitor and report on progress toward achieving national goals



Achieve a More Coordinated National Response to the HIV Epidemic

The Opportunity

- Enhanced focus on coordinating efforts
 - Across Federal agencies
 - Across all levels of government
 - With external partners
 - Throughout the healthcare system
- Prioritizing enhanced collaboration and accountability



Achieve a More Coordinated National Response to the HIV Epidemic

Steps to be Taken

• See Plan-At-A-Glance



Achieve a More Coordinated National Response to the HIV Epidemic

Recommended Actions

Step 1: Increase the coordination of HIV programs across the Federal Government and between Federal agencies and State, territorial, tribal and local governments

1.1 Ensure coordinated program administration1.2 Promote equitable resource allocation1.3 Streamline and standardize data collection



Achieve a More Coordinated National Response to the HIV Epidemic

Recommended Actions

Step 2: Develop improved mechanisms to monitor and report progress toward national goals

2.1 Provide rigorous evaluation of programs and redirect resources to the most effective programs
2.2 Provide regular public reporting
2.3 Encourage State to provide regular progress reports



Conclusion

- 1. Resources will always be tight, and we will have to make tough choices about the use of funds
- 2. PLWH have unique experiences that should be valued and relied upon
- 3. Communities themselves are best equipped to make difficult trade-offs, priority-setting and resource allocation
- 4. Continued investment in research is needed
- 5. A commitment to innovation is needed



Websites

www.lapublichealth.lacounty.gov/aids www.WhiteHouse.gov/ONAP www.WhiteHouse.gov/Presidential-AIDS-Memo. http://www.pacha.gov http://cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/incidence.htm http://cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/facts heets/transmission.htm



Associated Documents and Related Efforts

- National HIV/AIDS Strategy Federal
 Implementation Plan
- President's Memorandum to Federal Agencies
- Community Ideas for Improving the Response to the Domestic HIV Epidemic
- President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)
- The Affordable Care Act



Associated Documents and Related Efforts

- President's National Drug Control Strategy
- Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness
- Americans with Disabilities Act
- Fair Housing Act
- Rehabilitation Act



Thank You!

This presentation is available at: www.ph.lacounty.gov/aids

